

MODEL QUESTION

Level: Master Degree

Time: 1:40 hrs

Subject: Education Planning and Management

Cross the best answers in your answer sheet

1. What is the function of Teacher Service Commission?
 - a. certify proper human resource for teaching
 - b. to resist poor human resource in teaching
 - c. to check invalid certificate
 - d. to develop complication in teaching profession
2. The ancient educational philosophy in Sri Lanka was guided by:
 - a. Hinduism
 - b. Buddhism
 - c. Muslim
 - d. Christian
3. The title of regional education inspector was changed to regional education director following the recommendations of:
 - a. NNEPC
 - b. ARNEC
 - c. NESP
 - d. NEC
4. Which of the following is associated with the proper definition of micro- teaching?
 - a. an uncovered process of teaching
 - b. a scaled down teaching process
 - c. a complex process of teaching
 - d. a traditional process of teaching
5. Lecture method is
 - a. teacher centered
 - b. student centered
 - c. society centered
 - d. content centered
6. What is the official definition of a literate person on Nepal?
 - a. One who can read and write in his or her mother tongue
 - b. One who can read, write, and do simple arithmetic problems
 - c. One who can read and write in Nepali language
 - d. One who can read, write and comprehend things written in Nepali language.
7. In programmed instruction:
 - a. students stay at home without contact with others
 - b. students find correct response without feedback
 - c. subject matters are broken down into sequential frames
 - d. subject matters are not required
8. "Pedagogy of the oppressed" was the concept by:
 - a. Ivan Illich
 - b. James Watt
 - c. Paulo Freire
 - d. Henry Fayol
9. The main task of educational technology is to facilitate
 - a. Learning at children's own pace
 - b. group discussion learning
 - c. learning received passively
 - d. imposed knowledge
10. Analysis, development scenario and factors of change denotes as:
 - a. national studies
 - b. regional studies
 - c. sectoral studies
 - d. global studies
11. The allocation of resources in education planning is prioritized mainly concerned in:
 - a. political decision making process
 - b. social decision making process
 - c. cultural decision making process
 - d. bureaucratic decision making process
12. Education provides benefits to:
 - a. social
 - b. individual as well as social
 - c. individual
 - d. none of the above
13. In educational management 'control' means
 - a. measuring an activity
 - b. comparing an activity with a criterion
 - c. mechanism for corrective action
 - d. all of the above
14. What are the basic elements of management process?
 - a. decision making, problem solving, human relations and communicating

- b. decision making, problem solving, human relations and resource mobilization
- c. problem solving, decision making, communicating and natural setting
- d. all of the above
15. The major advantage of staffing is that it allows
- a. to make proper decision b. To gather data
- c. To analyze the situation d. to select right person
16. From growth to growth with redistribution development concepts in education emerged in:
- a. 1960s decade b. 1970s decade
- c. 1980s decade d. 1990s decade
17. The major cause of child labour is:
- a. traditional society b. immigration
- c. poverty d. broken family
18. Teacher delivers the content and pupil absorbs it passively in
- a. problem posing approach b. banking approach
- c. participatory approach d. dialogue approach
19. The structure of school education as recommended by National education system Plan is
- a. 3+4+3 b. 5+3+2
- c. 4+3+3 d. 5+2+3
20. Which the incorrect statement
- a. management is a static process
- b. management is a dynamic process
- c. management is a universal process
- d. management is activity based process
21. "De-schooling " is the concept of:
- a. Paulo Freire b. Auguste Comte
- c. Ivan Illich d. Socrates
22. The post democracy period is considered as the period of
- a. 1951 -1961 b. 1951 – 1971
- c. 1951 - 1981 d. 1981 - 1991
23. Coordination is important for the activities relating to:
- a. planning b. organizing
- c. controlling d. all of the above
24. Financial problem in educational administration is related with:
- a. insufficient government grants
- b. uncontrolled growth of enrollment in education
- c. waste of national investments on education
- d. all of the above
25. Which of the following is not a technique of a decision making process?
- a. Defining of problem b. Collecting related information
- c. Implementing action d. attempt to hinder the action
26. Educational planning was developed as an academic discipline from:
- a. 1940s b. 1950s
- c. 1960s d. 1970s
27. How should organization members be motivated to do their jobs best?
- a. well written instruction b. orientation program
- c. inspection d. face to face communication
28. The central purpose of educational administration is:
- a. increment of student enrolment
- b. promotion of better course study
- c. recommendation of better physical condition
- d. enhancement of teaching and learning
29. The functions of management are:
- a. planning, organizing, staffing, leading and controlling
- b. planning, organizing, staffing, leading and budgeting
- c. planning, organizing, leading, controlling and supervising
- d. planning, organizing, staffing, leading and observing
30. Managing as practice and organized body of knowledge underlying the practice may be referred to as a:
- a. science b. art
- c. both a and b d. none of the above
31. Pupil administration does not include:

- a. reporting to parents b. classification of pupils
c. number of family members d. pupil control
32. Enrollment of specified school age children at specified level is measured as:
- a. Gross enrollment rate b. Detailed enrollment rate
c. Net enrollment rate d. Nominal enrollment rate
33. Improvement of vocational efficiency means
- a. skill based thinking b. interest in occupational ideas
c. clearness in the profession d. increased productivity.
34. Equity in education would refer to
- a. ensuring one's access to receive minimum level of education
b. ensuring one's access to complete secondary level of education
c. ensuring one's access to any level of education he or she wishes to pursue
d. ensuring one's access to higher level of education
35. An approach which provides a conceptual framework on which plans are formulated for implementing change for education is:
- a. system approach b. social demand approach
c. human resource approach d. residual approach
36. A successful supervisor will generally
- a. teach only those practices that s/he knows
b. encourage other to experiment and innovation
c. discourage any new ideas or innovation
d. let things happen
37. What factor determines the length of an observation?
- a. wish of the teacher
b. wish of the supervisor
c. purpose of the observation
d. wish of the teacher and supervisor
38. Rate of return approach to planning is based on the analysis of
- a. cost and benefits b. inputs and outputs
c. objectives and outcome d. inputs and processes
39. School mapping process in education is considered as
- a. Diagnosis of existing equalities in access
b. Diagnosis of existing equity and access
c. Diagnosis of existing inequalities in access
d. Diagnosis of existing inequity and access
40. Faculty of Education is established in:
- a. 1955 AD b. 1956 AD
c. 1957AD d. 1958AD
41. The most effective type of supervision is:
- a. directive in form b. leading in its approach
c. participatory in nature d. regulatory in its procedure
42. Which of the following is the personal quality of supervisor?
- a. interest in supervision b. originality
c. interest of teaching d. all of the above
43. Who is the "Father of Modern Management Theory"?
- a. Frederick Taylor b. Elton Mayo
c. Henri Fayol d. F.J. Roethlisberger
44. Which of the following statement is not correct?
- a. educational planning is an intellectual and mental process
b. educational planning is a data collection process
c. educational planning is not a pre thinking process
d. education planning is a process of choosing the best course of action
45. What does educational planning accurately mean?
- a. communicating process b. strategical process
c. rule making process d. creative thinking process
46. The meaning of effectiveness is:
- a. achievement of the ends with the least amount of resources
b. achievement of objectives
c. both a and b
d. achievement of consequences
47. The concept of audio visual is represented by:
- a. over- head projector b. radio
c. tape recorder d. television

48. Which of the following community in Nepal, was trapped into a bonded labour?
 a. The oppressed b. The Tharu
 c. The Danuwar d. The Raute
49. The main issue of gender discrimination was created in:
 a. patriarchal society b. matriarchal society
 c. higher caste society d. lower caste society
50. Who decides the NFE learning materials?
 a. specialists and facilitators
 b. learners and community members
 c. facilitators and community members'
 d. facilitators and participants
51. A person attends a university hoping a higher income for the whole working life is the concept of:
 a. social demand approach b. cost benefit analysis approach
 c. system approach d. residual approach
52. Projection, forecast and exploratory propection is the conceptual distinctions of
 a. traditional planning
 b. recent trends in human resource planning
 c. future trends in planning
 d. ancient trends in planning
53. Learning by doing method is significantly concerned with:
 a. Montessori b. Heuristic
 c. Project d. Lecture
54. Which was the main emphasis of the Basic and primary education program?
 a. enhancement of quality of education
 b. Construction schools
 c. Training of teachers
 d. Development of new text books
55. When was World Declaration in Education for All made?
 a. 1970AD b. 1980AD
 c. 1990AD d. 2000AD
56. The School Sector Reform Programme changed primary level into:
 a. basic education level class 1 to 3
 b. basic education level class 1 to 5
 c. basic education level class 1 to 8
 d. basic education level class 1 to 12
57. The full form of EMIS is
 a. Economic Management Information System
 b. Enrollment Management in School
 c. Equality Management Information System
 d. Education Management Information System
58. Which of the following is not an administrative function?
 a. drafting a letter and typing
 b. planning and organizing
 c. co- coordinating and controlling
 d. decision making and influencing
59. An effective school administrator is always concerned with the smooth functioning of:
 a. the total programme of the school
 b. the instructional progrmme of the school
 c. the extracurricular activities of the school
 d. the examination of the school
60. The main objective of adult literacy programme is to conduct
 a. work oriented programme
 b. functional knowledge and skill programme
 c. general education programme
 d. vocational programme
61. Lifelong education is based on the principle of:
 a. formal education process
 b. continuing education process
 c. informal education process
 d. adult education process

62. Which of the following is considered as a most popular method in NFE teaching?
- demonstration method
 - inquiry method
 - survey method
 - participatory method
63. Theory of bureaucracy is introduced by
- Elton Mayo
 - Chester Bernard
 - Henri Fayol
 - Max Weber
64. Regular school supervision
- develops positive attitude and work habits of the pupils
 - Improves teaching learning situation of the school
 - facilitates professional growth of teacher
 - all of the above.
65. One of the approaches of educational supervision in Nepal is
- Resource Centre Approach
 - School- based approach
 - Specialist approach
 - generalist approach
66. Which of the following is not the responsibility of a supervisor?
- planning conference for the teachers'
 - developing supervisory program
 - designing workshops and seminars
 - fixing quota for manpower development.
67. A plan that has the potential for meeting local needs is:
- macro plan
 - micro plan
 - nation plan
 - central plan
68. In the context of Nepal education indicators are stated in
- SSRP
 - Education Act
 - Education Regulation
 - Education budget
69. Which of the following is not the Dakar framework for action 2000?
- eliminating gender disparities
 - improving all aspects of the quality of education
 - ensuring excellency
 - expanding and improving the education for advantaged children
70. A supervisor in today's school should be regarded as one whom
- gives directions to the teacher to meet his/her standards
 - inspects the classroom to rate the teacher
 - provides constructive help to the teacher
 - assumes the responsibilities of supplying materials.
71. Planning brings the gap between
- from where you are to where you want to go
 - resources and expenditures
 - planning and controlling
 - implementation and evaluation
72. "Expanding and improving comprehensive early childhood care and education for the most vulnerable and disadvantaged children" is the goal of:
- Jomtien framework
 - Dakar framework
 - Burkina Faso framework
 - Senegal framework
73. The 3 Rs literacy falls under:
- academic literacy
 - educational literacy
 - oral literacy
 - general literacy
74. Radio education teacher training project was firstly introduced in:
- 1975 AD
 - 1978 AD
 - 1981AD
 - 1984AD
75. Which of the following method of analysis examines relationships between outputs, process and inputs?
- system analysis
 - institutional analysis
 - gender analysis
 - policy analysis